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فروج إرميما كا معنوى ولغة (فجليز بد)

Reading:

The History of Chocolate

One of the most popular foods of all time is chocolate. People nowadays eat chocolate in many different forms. We eat chocolate candy, and we drink hot and cold chocolate drinks. The chocolate we eat today is made from a lot of different ingredients, but the most important ingredient is cacao bean.

The story of cacao bean and its long journey to stores and supermarkets all over the world started hundreds of years ago in Mexico. Cacao trees need hot and humid weather, and they originally grew in the Yucatan Peninsula.

The Maya were the first people to eat cacao beans. They picked cacao beans from wild trees and cleared land to cultivate their own trees. They made a drink from cacao beans and exchanged the beans for other goods. **They** also used cacao beans for religious ceremonies.

Mayan **merchants** traveled north and introduced cacao beans to the Aztec people. Soon the cacao bean was part of the Aztecs' lives. They used it as a

drink, as part of religious ceremonies and even as money. With 10 beans, you could buy a rabbit. With 100 beans, you could buy a slave.

The Aztecs could not grow cacao trees because of the dry climate. When the Aztecs conquered the Maya, they asked for cacao beans as a tribute.

1. The underlined word "merchants" means							
a. farmers	b. traders	c. citizens	d. fighters				
2. The Aztecs	could not g	row cacao tro	ees because they	need humid			
climate.							
a. true	b. false						
3. Aztecs used	cacao beans i	for					
a. drinks only		b. :	religious and deat	th ceremonies			
c. drinks, buying & selling, and religious ceremonies d. marriage							
ceremonies							
4. The underlined pronoun "they" refers to							
a. Mayan peo	ple b. goo	ds c. cacao	beans d. wild	d trees			
5. After losing	the war, the M	laya gave the	Aztecs cacao bear	ıs			
a. as a loan	b. as a p	rice for the sla	ives				
c. as a tribute	d. in a	religious cere	mony				

Grammar:

1. I lost my keys so I		climb in through the windo		igh the window.				
a. must	b. could	c. had to	d.	don't have to				
2. Last week, I was invited to a party at Amal's. I had neverto go there before.								
a. been asl	ked b. ask	ed c. aski	ng	d. ask.				
3. My neighbour speaks two languages very, but he isn't very good at mathematics.								
a. good	b. better	c. well	d.	. bad				
4. If she up early, she would catch the bus.								
a. gets	b. can get	c. won't g	et	d. got				
5. A: How much homework has your daughter got to do?								
B:	_·							
a. A few	b. A little	c. many	d. lot					

Vocabulary:

1. Whoever st	cole my snack	is in a lot of _	<u>.</u>				
a. mistake	b. trouble	c. problem	d. fault				
2. The little che speak or play a. huge b				could hardly			
3. Many of the in our e a. pollution	nvironment.			ays are caused by danger			
4. By becoming a/ an, he gained the right to vote for the parliament.							
a. colleague	b. acquainta	nce c. citi	zen d. st	tranger			
5. She has alv	vays had a gre	eat deal of	for the wo	rk of your friend.			
a. embarrassr	nent b. adı	miration	c. surprise	d. weakness			